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Kenſington, Auguſt 23.

THE following Addreſs has been preſented to Her Majeſty:

To the QUEEN's *moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop of *London*, and the Clergy of *London* and *Weſtminſter*.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

OUR Hearts have all along accompanied our Fellow Subjects, the Genuine Sons of the Church of England, *in their dutiful Applications to your Majeſty from all Parts of the Kingdom; we have with great Satisfaction obſerved the Zeal which they have expreſſed in behalf of your Regal Title and Prerogative, and the Indignation which they have ſhewn at the unprecedented Attempts lately made to undermine not only our Excellent Conſtitution in Church and State, but all Religion and Government.*

We were the leſs eager to lay hold on this Occaſion of Approaching your Throne, becauſe we had often and freely declared our ſelves on theſe Heads from the Pulpit, under the Eye of your Majeſty, and in the Face of the whole World.

But the Time is now come, when we can no longer be innocently ſilent, ſince the Acknowledgment of your Majeſty's Hereditary Title and Irreſiſtible Authority is openly and boldly Repreſented as a plain Declaration in favour of the Pretender.

We look upon the Clergy as deeply involved in this malicious Calumny, and therefore think our ſelves obliged to expreſs our utmoſt Abhorrence of any ſuch diſguiſed and traiterous Intention, which our Hearts (intirely devoted to your Majeſty) are not capable of harbouring; and which, we believe, none but the avowed or ſecret Friends of the Pretender would, in order to facilitate their Wicked and Dark Deſigns, have endeavoured to faſten upon us.

We have Sworn, and are ſtedfaſtly purpoſed to pay all Duty and Allegiance to your Majeſty as to our Rightful and Lawful Sovereign, whoſe Title to the Crown by Deſcent has been affirmed and recognized by all your Liege People in full Parliament.

We know of no other Perſon who has any Claim to our Obedience, nor will we ever do any thing, either in or after your Majeſty's Reign (ſhould we be ſo unfortunate as to Survive it) which may ſeem in the leaſt to favour ſuch Claims and Pretenſions.

On your Majeſty alone our Eyes are now fixed, all our Wiſhes and Vows are employed for the Length, Peace and Proſperity of your Reign; and whenever it ſhall pleaſe God, for our Sins, to withdraw ſo invaluable a Bleſſing, without any Alleviation of the Loſs by Iſſue from your Majeſty, we Acknowledge the moſt Illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover, *as the next Heirs in the Proteſtant Line, to have the only Right of Aſcending the Throne, and indiſputable Title to our Allegiance.*

We thank God, from the Bottom of our Hearts, for the Legal Proviſions in this regard made to ſecure us from Popery and Arbitrary Power, which we once, through the Divine Aſſiſtance, vigorouſly and ſucceſsfully withſtood, when they were breaking in upon our Conſtitution; nor ſhall we fail to manifeſt an equal Zeal againſt them, whenever, and by what means ſoever, they ſhall meditate a Return.

This, we are firmly perſwaded, is the unanimous Senſe and Reſolution of the Clergy, not only of theſe Cities, but of the whole Kingdom, as we doubt not will appear to your Majeſty, whenever they have an Opportunity of expreſſing it in Convocation.

In the mean time we ſhall not ceaſe to bow our Knees to God, and moſt ardently to pray, that he would multiply and increaſe the Succeſſes with which your Wiſe and Juſt Deſigns have been hitherto attended, and continue to Bleſs your Arms and Counſels 'till they have effectually ſubdued the reſtleſs Enemies of our Peace both at Home and Abroad, defeated the Menaces of the Proud, and the Devices of the Crafty, and ſcattered all the People that delight in War.

Her Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt Gracious Anſwer:

I Take very kindly the Aſſurances of Duty you give Me in this Addreſs, and the Regard you expreſs for the Proteſtant Succeſſion.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, Auguſt 24. *N. S.* This Morning the Right Wing of the Prince of Savoy's Army, with an Eſcorte of a th uſand Foot and five hundred Horſe, commanded by Prince Lobkowitz, a Major-General, was ordered to Forage in the Front towards St. Pol, not far from the Enemy's Camp; which they having notice of the Night before, detached a great Body of Horſe under the Command of the Count de Broglio, a Lieutenant-General, either to prevent the Forage, or fall upon our Men. About the time the Eſcorte was poſted, the Enemy began to appear; the Imperialiſts immediately charged them, and puſhed their firſt Squadrons, but finding the Enemy grow too numerous, retired in very good Order, and ſent an Account of it to the Camp: The Enemy advancing ſtill, came to the Village of Ligni St. Flochel, in which we had poſted three hundred Foot, commanded by a Lieutenant-Colonel of the Heſſians, and a Major of the Danes; the Enemy ſummoned them to Surrender, which being refuſed, they diſmounted ſeveral Squadrons to attack them, and poſted the reſt between the Village and our Camp; during which the Prince having drawn together his Guards from their ſeveral Poſts, as likewiſe a good number of Foragers with their Scythes, formed them into Squadrons, came to their Relief, and charged the Enemy ſo vigorouſly, that notwithſtanding their Superiority he puſhed them upon our Foot, who perceiving their Diſorder marched out of the Village, and made a great Slaughter of them. At the ſame time the Count de Schonborn, a Major General, came up at the Head of the Picket, and charged ſeveral Squadrons on the other ſide the Village, whom he put to flight; and the Left Wing of the Prince of Savoy's Army being likewiſe upon their March, ſo animated our Men, that they drove the Enemy as far as Goug en Ternois, to which Place the Mareſchals de Villars and d'Arco came with their Left Wing of Horſe to ſuſtain them. The Mareſchal de Villars ſeeing his Men run away ſo ſhamefully, drew his Sword, and did all that was poſſible to ſtop them, which being not able to effect, he retired, and our Men brought home their Forage. The Priſoners are not yet brought in, but are ſuppoſed to be about three hundred, among which there are above twenty Officers.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, Auguſt 25. *N. S.* The Lodgments we made on the Counterſcarp at General Schuylemburg's Attack were joined on Friday Night, and we have ſince made a Lodgment in the Place of Arms, in order to begin to fill the Ditch. We have likewiſe ſix Mortars mounted againſt the Breach in the Wall of the Caſtle, which the Enemy are endeavouring to repair with Beams and Timber Trees; and there being occaſion for a greater Number of Faſcines at this Attack than the Troops of the Siege can be able to provide, thoſe under the Command of Lieutenant-General Roſs are ordered to be aſſiſting in this Service. At General Fagel's Attack, beſides the Lodgment on the Saliant Angle of the Counterſcarp, before the Ravelin which covers the Port of Arras, we have made another good Lodgment on the Saliant Angle of the Counterſcarp before the Baſtion of St. Ignace,